THE DAY JIMMY’S BOA ATE THE WASH

Author: Trinka Hakes Noble
Illustrator: Steven Kellogg
Publisher: Dial Books for Young Readers

THEME:
A little girl’s version of an unusual class outing becomes a lesson on appreciating and having fun with different kinds of animals.

PROGRAM SUMMARY:
A school trip to a peaceful farm turns wild when Jimmy’s pet boa constrictor escapes. LeVar takes viewers to an exotic pet shop where he meets a tarantula and a boa constrictor. He then goes to a livestock show where he learns unique facts about farm animals and watches events including showing sheep and milking goats.

TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION:
Discuss with students why the girl in the story wasn’t very excited about the class trip to the farm. How would they feel about going on such a field trip?

Ask students what they think the farmer and his wife will do with a pet boa constrictor.

Discuss what would make a better pet—a boa constrictor or a pig—and why.

Pose the question to the students that LeVar asked the children in the program, “If you could have any strange pet in the world, what would it be?” Have them state reasons for their choices.

There was a great deal of humor in the story. Ask students what made it a funny story.

CURRICULUM EXTENSION ACTIVITIES:
Read the book The Day Jimmy’s Boa Ate the Wash to the class and have them supply sound effects during the reading. For example, pigs eating, the farmer’s wife screaming, the tractor running, the kids yelling, and others, would be appropriate. Allow students to decide which sounds they will use.

Have the class make a farm alphabet book. Before beginning, brainstorm words associated with farms. Write the words on a chart in categories, such as “People on the Farm,” “Farm Machinery,” “Things that Grow on a Farm,” “Farm Animals,” etc. Have students select from this list to make the pages in the book.

Plot the events from the field trip in the story on a timeline. Label them with ordinal numbers, e.g., “First, the cow started crying.”

Have students research boa constrictors. Where do they live? What do they eat? How big are they? What do they look like? Provide adding machine tape for them to make boa constrictors in actual size and color. Once they have found the length of a full-grown boa (the longest is about 18 feet), have them predict how long that is across the classroom floor and then measure the actual length. Discuss their predictions compared to actual length.

Brainstorm a list of types of snakes with students. Have them research these snakes in addition to the boa constrictor and record the information they find on a chart. List the names of the snakes down the side of the chart and the four questions from above across the top. They might want to add “Interesting Fact” as a fifth column and record such information as whether the snake is poisonous or not. After the chart is completed, discuss the content. For example, compare the lengths of various snakes or how they capture their prey.

Have students identify other snakes that “constrict” their prey.

Have students research the names for the adult male and female and the young of farm animals. For example, pigs (male, boar; female, sow; baby, piglet) and sheep (male, ram; female, ewe; baby, lamb) were both featured in this program. Have them report the findings from their research by making puzzles. Cut stiff paper or oaktag into 9 x 4-inch strips and instruct students to cut the strips into three approximately equal parts. The cuts should not be straight lines, but like a puzzle piece instead. They then draw one animal (either the male, female or young) on each piece, with the picture of the baby on the middle piece. Laminate all the puzzle pieces and make them available for students to reassemble.

Make a field trip scrapbook for the school year. Take pictures on each excursion. Collect appropriate artifacts from the trip. Have students write captions for all items in the scrapbook. Include a class-dictated summary of the field trip after each event. Review the scrapbook at the end of the school year and discuss what the students learned at each place, what the memorable moments were, and favorite parts of each trip.

Obtain copies of the two sequels to this story, Jimmy’s Boa Bounces Back and Jimmy’s Boa and the Big Splash Birthday Bash, and read them to the students. Discuss the further escapades of Jimmy’s boa. As a class, compose another adventure for the boa. Take dictation of the story on a chart, edit it together, and type individual sentences on pages for students to illustrate. Bind the pages into a book and display it with the other books about Jimmy’s boa.
RELATED THEMES:
unusual pets
farm life

RELATED READING RAINBOW PROGRAMS:
Program #25 — Perfect The Pig
Program #32 — The Milk Makers
Program #62 — Desert Giant
Program #101 — Nosey Mrs. Rat

ABOUT THE AUTHOR:
Trinka Hakes Noble is the author/illustrator of several books for children, including Reading Rainbow feature book *Meanwhile Back at the Ranch*. A native of Michigan, she studied illustration at Uri Shulevitz’s Advanced Workshop in Greenwich Village, and presently makes her home in New Jersey.

ABOUT THE ILLUSTRATOR:
Steven Kellogg enjoyed writing and illustrating stories when he was a small child and often entertained his younger sisters with them. His humorous, highly detailed illustrations have become the trademark of his many books, which include *How Much Is a Million?* by David Schwartz and *Best Friends*, both Reading Rainbow feature books, and *The Island of Skog*, a review book. He and his wife Helen make their home in Connecticut.

BOOKS REVIEWED BY CHILDREN:
CRICTOR
by Tomi Ungerer (HarperCollins)

“COULD BE WORSE!”
by James Stevenson (Greenwillow)

ALEXANDER AND THE TERRIBLE, HORRIBLE, NO GOOD, VERY BAD DAY
by Judith Viorst, illus. by Ray Cruz (Atheneum)

SUPPLEMENTARY BOOKLIST:
BABY ANIMALS
by Margaret Wise Brown, illus. by Susan Jeffers (Random House)

SIX PERFECTLY DIFFERENT PIGS
by Adrienne Geoghegan, illus. by Elisabeth Moseng (Gareth Stevens)

BOAS
by James E. Gerholdt (Abdo & Daughters)
It starts out with “The Day Jimmy’s Boa Ate the Wash” is definitely an original book. The storyline is told in a backwards progression, as well as a cause and effect. The pictures convey absolute utter chaos. In the child’s explanation, she tells a story about a cow crying, pigs eating the students’ lunches on the bus, Jimmy’s boa constrictor eating the wash, and many other interesting elements. Obviously, it is very unlikely for these events to occur like they were described in the story. This book, as a result, displays how a child’s mind can work and how their imagination “The Day Jimmy’s Boa Ate the Wash” is a unique piece of literature. This book describes a young child’s field trip to the farm. Running time: 08:00. From the book written by Trinka Hakes Noble and illustrated by Steven Kellogg (c1980). Weston Woods. Children’s literature in the audiovisual media 1990-1992. “It all started because Jimmy brought his pet boa constrictor on the class outing to a farm. But the chickens didn’t like it, so they started flying around and laying eggs on everybody, and then Jenny thought Tommy did it on purpose, so she threw an egg at him and missed, and then the boa constrictor started eating the wash.”--Weston Woods, Children’s literature in the audiovisual media 1990- Discover ideas about Cause And Effect Activities. The Day Jimmy’s Boa Ate the Wash. Cause And Effect Activities Reading Lessons Reading Activities Pre Kinder 100 Days Of School School Stuff Literacy Skills Kindergarten Reading Book Projects. More information. Read-aloud activities, hands-on fun, and a FREE printable for The Day Jimmy's Boa Ate the Wash | embarkonthejourney.com. Find this Pin and more on Homeschool info by Helena Berg. Tags.